Kao Corporation



Alkyl Sulfate (AS)

(The number of carbon atoms in alkyl group is 8 -16. Main counter ion is sodium salt, ammonium and triethanolamine salt are also included)

The document of the safety summary provides the safety information of the chemical substance to the general public. The safety summary is NOT intended to be an alternative document of Safety Data Sheet which is described from the recommendable detailed safety measures for each use. The safety summary is NOT intended to be an alternate document of the instructions for use nor the warning of consumer products including this substance. The contents of this summary are based on the laws, documents, information, and data available at present, without any warranty.

1. Chemical Identity

Category Name	Alkyl Sulfate (AS) (The number of carbon atoms in alkyl group is 8 -16. Main counter ion is sodium salt, ammonium and triethanolamine salt are also included)
Substance Name	Alkyl (Alkenyl) Sulfate
CAS Number	142-31-4, 142-87-0, 151-21-3, 1191-50-0, 1120-01-0, 2235-54-3, 139-96-8

2. Product Uses and Benefits

Alkyl Sulfate (AS) is anionic surfactant. It is widely used as consumer products contained in laundry detergents, kitchen detergents, shampoos, and others. For the industrial use, AS is used as emulsifier, dispersant, building material additive, and others.

3. Physical/Chemical Properties

As the representative structure of AS, the physicochemical properties of AS of sodium salts with alkyl chain length C8 – C16 were calculated using computer software EPI suite 4.11 of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency or measured values are shown below.

Property	AS			
	C8	C10	C12	C16
Moleculer weight	232.27	260.33	288.38	344.49
Boiling point (°C)	542	565	589	635
Melting point (°C)	181~183	197	193~207	193
Vapour pressure (Pa) 25°C	1.8x10 ⁻¹¹	3.4x10 ⁻¹²	2.4x10 ⁻¹²	2.1x10 ⁻¹⁴
Water solubility (mg/L)	50570	5133	617	5
Octanol/water partition coefficient (LogKow)	-0.27	0.71	1.69	3.66
Soil adsorption coefficient (LogKoc)	75~101*	122~178*	316~446*	5.07

^{*} measured value

4. Human Health Safety Assessment

Consumer: The exposure to AS is at safe levels.

Worker: The repeated exposure of AS does not cause any toxic effects.

Effect Assessment	Result
Acute Toxicity oral/ dermal	No acute toxicity after oral/ dermal exposure in practical use The substance does not cause damage to any organs following single exposure
Irritation skin/ eye	Undiluted substance causes skin irritation Causes serious eye damage
Sensitization	Based on the available data, unlikely to cause allergic skin reaction
Toxicity after repeated exposure	Unlikely to cause any toxic effects through prolonged or repeated oral exposure in practical use
Mutagenicity	Based on the available data, unlikely to cause genetic defects
Carcinogenicity	Based on the available data, unlikely to cause cancer
Toxicity for reproduction	Based on the available data, unlikely to be damaging to fertility or the unborn child

5. Environmental Safety Assessment

The test results with fish, aquatic invertebrates and algae suggest that AS could cause a strong toxicity for aquatic organism and a long-term harmful effect to aquatic organisms. However, AS is unlikely to persist in the environment because of the readily biodegradation. AS does not bioaccumulate in the food chain.

Effect Assessment	Result
Aquatic Toxicity	Suggests to cause strong toxicity for aquatic organism and toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
Biodegradation	Readily biodegradable
PBT/ vPvB conclusion*	It is not applicable to PBT / vPvB

^{*}PBT=Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic vPvB=Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

6. Exposure

Consumer

The consumer can come into contact with the substance in use of the detergents, but the concentration of AS in use is below the level which would give rise harmful effects of concern. When it's used as the recommended use, consumer should always read product information before use and follow the label / use instructions.

Worker

The exposure can occur either in AS manufacturing facilities or in the various industrial facilities when AS is used. Those workers in industrial operations during maintenance, sampling, testing, or other procedures could be exposed with AS. Only qualified and trained workers handle the undiluted substance. The manufacturing facilities offer thorough training program for employees and appropriate work processes, as well as safety equipment (goggles and gloves) in place to present an unnecessary exposure. Safety showers and eyewash stations are accessible nearby. Workers are required to be trained in accordance with the safety measures in the Safety Data Sheet.

Environment

Since this substance is used extensively, it is discharged to waste water treatment plants from industrial sites such as manufacturing, preparation, handling, storage and use of the substance as well as from consumer households. However, the substance is readily biodegradable, so that it is removed efficiently in waste water treatment plants. The substance is biologically degraded in the surface water and is rapidly removed even if it is remained slightly in the waste water. Hence, the chronic exposure to aquatic organisms of the substance is unlikely to occur. Furthermore, the substance dose not accumulate in the food chain, so that there is no concern of human exposure through environmental pathway.

7. Risk management recommendations

When you use the substance, make sure to be measured the adequate ventilation. Always use appropriate chemical-resistant gloves to protect your hands and skin and always wear eye protection equipment. Do not eat, drink or smoke where the substance is handled, processed or stored. Wash hands and skin after contact with the substance. When the substance attaches to skin (or hair), take off the contaminated clothes. Wash with a large amount of water and soap. When it causes your skin irritation, consult doctor (medical

diagnosis/therapy). If the substance gets into your eyes, rinse your eyes thoroughly for several minutes. If you wear contact lens, and you can take it off easily, take it off and continue to rinse your eyes. Contact to a doctor immediately.

Waste water containing the substance must be passed the waste water treatment plants in order to remove the substance. No specific measures for ventilation are needed, because it is not expected to be released into the air.

8. Regulatory Information/Classification and Labeling

Under GHS classification, chemical substances are classified in hazards for physical properties, human health and environment. The hazard information for industrial products are transmitted via specific labels and Safety Data Sheet. GHS offers the standardization for hazard communication. The subjects who could be assumed to be exposed to the substance, workers, consumers, transport workers, and emergency responders, can better understand the hazards of the chemicals in use through the transmission.

Labeling according to UN GHS

UN GHS is the basis for country specific GHS labeling. AS is assigned to following GHS classifications.



Classification and labelling information

Skin Irrit. 2
Eye Dam. 1
Aquatic Acute 1
Aquatic Chronic 2

Hazard Statements:

H315: Causes skin irritation

H318: Causes serious eye damage H400: Very toxic to aquatic life

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H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

Signal Word

Danger

The laws of manufacturing, sale, transport, use and disposal are different among countries or areas. Details are referred to Safety Data Sheet provided by the supplier.

9. Conclusion

Though AS is suggested to cause strong toxicity to aquatic organisms, the risk to environment organisms is negligible due to the rapid degradation of AS. In the PBT/vPvB assessments for AS, the substance is not applicable to PBT/vPvB. Contact with the undiluted AS may cause irritation to the skin and serious damage to the eyes. When handling the substance, workers should follow the standard safety measures and refer to the Safety Data Sheet. Consumers will usually not come into contact with the substance bulk and the substance is used diluted in consumer products, therefore, it is considered that AS gives rise no hazardous effects to human health.

10. Contact

For further information on this substance or Safety Summary in general, please contact us.

Name	Kao Corporation
URL	https://ssl.kao.com/en/chemical/

11. Glossary

Hazard	Hazardous property for human health or environments
GHS	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
Acute Toxicity	Adverse effects that result from a single exposure
Sensitization	Inducibility of allergy
Mutagenicity	Effects to induce gene mutations
Toxicity after repeated exposure	Adverse effects that result from repeated exposure
Toxicity for reproduction	Adverse effects for teratogenicity, embryotoxicity, and reproductivity
Carcinogenicity	Action influence to cause a cancer
Biodegradation	Biological degradation of a substance in environments
Bioaccumulation	Accumulation of substances in environments

12. Date of Issue

May 22, 2020